

# CHINA

THE

# MAIL.

Established February, 1845.

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXIII. No. 4248.

號九月二年七十七百八千一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1877.

日七廿月二十年子丙

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

## AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALGAN, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET, 80, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus, E. C. BATES, HENRY & CO., 4, Old Jewry, E. C. SAMUEL DEACON & CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BRAIN & BLACK, San Francisco.

CHINA.—Seaton, QUICKE & CAMPBELL, AMY, WILSON, NICHOLLS & CO., FOOCHOW, HADCO & CO., Shanghai, LIAO, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALSH, MONSIE, HAINAN & CO., Macao, L. A. DA CRUZ.

## BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL...5,000,000 Dollars, RESERVE FUND.....200,000 Dollars.

OUTLET OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—E. R. BELLIOS, Esq. Deputy Chairman—AD. ANDRE, Esq. J. F. CORDES, Esq. S. W. POMEROY, Esq. H. HOPPIUS, Esq. F. D. SAMHOON, Esq. A. McILVER, Esq.

ACT. CHINE MANAGER, Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. Manager.

Shanghai, EVEN CAMPBELL, Esq. LONDON BANKERS.—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG, INTEREST ALLOWED

ON Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON Fixed Deposits:—

For 3 months, 2 per cent. per annum. " 6 " 4 per cent. " " " 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Acting Chief Manager.

Office of the Corporation, No, 1, Queen's Road East, Hongkong, November 2, 1876.

## Entertainments.

AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB OF HONGKONG.

THE MEMBERS of the above CLUB will give their Fourth Performance of the Season at the THEATRE ROYAL, CITY HALL, on MONDAY,

19th February, when will be presented the Popular Burlesque of "Aladdin or the Wonderful Scamp."

Doors Open at 8.30, Performance to Commence at Nine o'Clock.

Tickets may be had at MESSRS LANE, CRAWFORD & CO. on and after Wednesday, February 14th.

CHAS. C. COHEN, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, January 27, 1877.

## AUCTIONS.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from Messrs HEDD & CO., to sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 12th February, 1877, at 2 p.m., at their Office, Queen's Road.

The whole of their OFFICE FURNITURE, &c., comprising: Desks, Chairs, Tables, Clocks, Letter Press, Inkstands, Stationery, &c., &c.

Legal and other Books.

A Collection of Charts.

One Miller's Patent Fire Resisting Safe, Measuring about 4 ft. 10 in. by 3 ft. 11 in. by 8 ft. 10 in.

One Large Copying Press.

One Platform Scale.

And,

One Gated House-boat, with Awning, Oars, Iron Davits, Falls, &c.

Catalogues will be issued, and the whole to be on view on the day of Sale.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.17. All lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, February 9, 1877.

1912

## Notices of Firms.

### NOTICE.

M. R. FRITZ LANCKEN's Interest and Responsibility in our Firm ceased on the 31st December last.

WM. PUSTAU & CO. Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

### NOTICE.

THE Undermentioned Firm is This DAY DISSOLVED by consent. The Firm in Liquidation will be signed by Mr J. A. FRASER in Japan, by Mr E. G. Low in Shanghai, and by Mr T. G. LINSTEAD in Hongkong, or by any one of the Partners.

HEARD & CO. Hongkong, February 1, 1877.

### NOTICE.

M. R. FERNANDIN NISSEN has been compelled to retire from our Firm in consequence of failing health, and his interest and responsibility ceased on the 31st December last.

MR. NICOLAUS AUGUST SIESS has been authorised to sign for us by Procurator. We have this day reopened a branch of our Firm at Canton.

SIEMSSEN & CO. Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

### NOTICE.

WE have been appointed AGENTS for the AMERICAN SHIPMASTERS' ASSOCIATION.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO. Hongkong, February 2, 1877.

### NOTICE.

M. R. J. E. CORDES' Interest and Responsibility in our Firm ceased on the 31st December last.

WM. PUSTAU & CO. Hongkong, January 1, 1877.

### NOTICE.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between the Undersigned under the name of MISTER & HULS has this day been dissolved by lapse of time, and the signature of the Firm will henceforth be used for the Liquidation only.

WM. ORUICKSHANK, Manager. Hongkong, November 21, 1876.

### NOTICE.

THE Partnership hitherto existing between the Undersigned under the name of MISTER & HULS has this day been dissolved by lapse of time, and the signature of the Firm will henceforth be used for the Liquidation only.

C. J. MESTERN, W. HULSE. Hongkong, December 31, 1876.

### NOTICE.

M. R. H. EBELL has this Day been admitted a PARTNER in my Firm at SWATOW and HOMGW, which in future will be carried on under the Name or Style of "EBELL, EBELL & CO."

EDWARD BERTON. Swatow-Hoihow, January 1, 1877.

### NOTICE.

HONGKONG HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SHOW will be held in the PUBLIC GARDENS on FRIDAY, the 16th and SATURDAY, the 17th February.

Admission: First Day,.....\$1.

Second Day,.....50 Cents.

Payment at the Gates, or Tickets may be had at MESSRS LANE, CRAWFORD & CO. Hongkong, February 6, 1877.

### NOTICE.

HONGKONG.

Chs. J. GAUPP & CO., WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS, 38, Queen's Road,

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CHRONOMETRES,

&c., &c., &c.,

Carefully Repaired, Cleaned and accurately rated under guarantee.

All Repairs in the above line done at reasonable rates and with despatch.

Hongkong, May 1, 1876.

### NOTICE.

SHIPS' COMPRADORES AND STEVEDORES,

No. 57, Praya West.

SHIPPING SUPPLIED WITH ALL KINDS OF COAL, WATER, BALLAST, FRESH PROVISIONS & OILMATE'S STORES

Of the best quality and at the shortest notice.

Hongkong, May 1, 1876.

### NOTIFICATION.

A COPY of the JURY List for 1877 is

posted at the Supreme Court House

for inspection:—Notice of any Inaccuracies, Objections, &c., must be given

to the Acting Registrar on or before TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of February, 1877,

in accordance with the provisions of Section

8 of Ordinance No. 11 of 1864.

F. S. HUFFAM, Acting Registrar.

Hongkong, January 29, 1877.

### NOTIFICATION.

FROM This Date the Office of this

Agency is REMOVED to the Pre-

mise in the Praya Central lately occupied

by MESSRS GILMAN & CO., next to MESSRS RUSSELL & CO.'s Building.

### NOTIFICATION.

H. DU POUHEY, Agent.

Hongkong, February 1, 1877.

### NOTIFICATION.

THE CHINESE INSURANCE COM-

PANY, LIMITED.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF

SHAREHOLDERS in the above

Company will be held at the Office of

the Company, No. 7, Queen's Road, on

TUESDAY, the 20th February next, at Three

o'Clock in the Afternoon, to receive a State-

ment of Accounts for the Year 1876, the

Report of the General Managers, and to

elect a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

JARDINE, MATHISON & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Limited.

Hongkong, January 20, 1877.

### NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING

OF SHAREHOLDERS in the above

Company will be held at the Office of the

Company, No. 7, Queen's Road, on

TUESDAY, the 20th February next, at Three

o'Clock in the Afternoon, to receive a State-

ment of Accounts for the Year 1876, the

Report of the General Managers, and to

elect a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

JARDINE, MATHISON & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Limited.

Hongkong, January 20, 1877.

### NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

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## Notices to Consignees.

## NOTICE.

THE BRITISH SHIP TYBURNIA,  
FROM LONDON.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

MEYER & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, February 1, 1877.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the undermentioned Goods per British Ship *Tyburnia*, from London, are requested to send their Bills of Lading for countersignature to the Undersigned and to take immediate delivery of their Goods, failing which they will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense by

MEYER & Co.,  
Agents.

White Stripes, 2103; Red Stripes, 7776  
—937 bundles RAILROADS.  
Hongkong, February 5, 1877. fe12

BRITISH SHIP SARAH NICHOLSON,  
FROM LONDON.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

MELCHERS & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, February 8, 1877. fe11

## FROM LONDON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. *Cyphene* having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk by the Undersigned into their Godowns, whence and/or from the Wharf or Boats delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless notice to the contrary is given before 10 a.m. To-morrow.

Goods remaining in Godowns after the 18th Instant will be subject to rent.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, February 8, 1877. fe13

## FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. *Argyll*, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk by the Undersigned into their Godowns, whence and/or from the Wharf or Boats delivery may be obtained.

Opium in deliverable from on Board.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 15th Instant will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,  
Hongkong, February 8, 1877. fe15

FROM BUSHIRE, BANDER, ABABAS AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. *Gunga*, Captain A. GARCIAU, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

H. A. ASGAR & H. ESMAIL.

Hongkong, January 24, 1877.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

H. du POUZY,  
Agent.

Ex Mekong, December 29th, 1876.

ESD 10 bags White Wax.  
Ex Aia, January 11th, 1877.  
THC No. 1/2, 2 cases Stores.  
GD No. 1, 1 case Paper.

Ex Amak, January 24th, 1877.  
One box Sundries.

Hongkong, February 7, 1877.

## To-day's Advertisements.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from A. G. Morris, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY,

the 18th February, 1877, at 2 o'clock p.m., at his Residence, "Hermitage".

The whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., comprising—Drawing, Dining, and Bed-room Suites, Tables, Chairs, Sofa, Mirror, Pictures, Sideboard, Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware, Bedsteads, Toilet Table, Wash-stands and Sets, &c., &c.

And,

One PIANO.

Catalogues will be issued, and the whole to be on view on and after Wednesday, the 14th Instant.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All Lots, with all faults and errors of description, at purchaser's risk on the fall of the hammer.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, February 8, 1877. fe18

## To-day's Advertisements.

## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

## The Company's Steamship "MENZALEH,"

Comdt. PASCALIN, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA on SUNDAY, the 11th Instant, at Daylight.

H. du POUZY,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, February 9, 1877. fe11

## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

## The Company's Steamship "TIGRE,"

Comdt. BRUNET, will be despatched for SHANGHAI on SUNDAY, the 11th Instant, at Noon.

H. du POUZY,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, February 9, 1877. fe11

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## S. S. TIGRE.

## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

## The Company's Steamship "Euphrate,"

Comdt. BRUNET, will be despatched for SHANGHAI on SUNDAY, the 11th Instant, at Noon.

H. du POUZY,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, February 9, 1877. fe11

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## S. S. TIGRE.

## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

## The British Steamship "Hindostan,"

Captain T. S. GARDNER, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature to the Undersigned, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consignees before TO-DAY, the 9th Instant, at 6 p.m., requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after THURSDAY, the 16th Instant, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

H. du POUZY,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, February 9, 1877. fe11

## FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

## LIMITED.

THE Steamer *KIUKIANG* will make a Trip to CANTON and BACK on SUNDAY, the 11th Instant, leaving here at 8 a.m., and Canton at 4 p.m.

The *WHITE CLOUD* will also Run on SUNDAY, the 11th Instant, leaving MACAO at 8 a.m., and HONGKONG at 2 p.m. There will be no Macao Steamer on TUESDAY, the 13th instant.

By Order,

P. A. da COSTA,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, February 9, 1877. fe11

## Not Responsible for Debts.

## MAILS will close:

## For MANILA.

Per NORDEN, at 11.30 a.m. To-morrow, the 10th Inst.

Per Schooner NUEVO CONSTANTE, at 1.30 p.m. on Saturday, the 10th Inst., instead of as previously notified.

## For SHANGHAI.

Per CYPHENE, at 11.30 a.m. To-morrow, the 10th Inst.

## For SINGAPORE, SURZ &amp; LONDON.

Per ACHILLES, at 1.30 p.m. To-morrow, the 10th Inst.

## For AMOY.

Per MADAGASCAR, at 2.30 p.m., on Saturday, the 10th Inst.

## For YOKOHAMA.

Per MENZALEH, at 5 p.m. To-morrow, the 10th Inst.

## For SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOOCHOW.

Per LEONOR, at 5 p.m., on Saturday, the 10th Inst.

## For SHANGHAI.

Per TIGRE, at 11 a.m., on Sunday, the 11th Inst.; late letters received from 11.10 to 11.30. The Post Office will be open at 10 a.m. Correspondence for Registry by either Mail received till a quarter of an hour before the time for first closing.

## MAILS BY THE ENGINEER PACKET.

The English Contract Packet LOMBARDY, will be despatched with the Mail for Europe, &c., on THURSDAY, the 16th February.

The following will be the hours of closing the Mail, &c.:

Wednesday, 14th Inst. —

5 p.m., Money Order Office closes.

6 p.m., Post Office closes except the NIGHT Box, which remains open all night.

Feb. 9, Post Tch, Chinese steamer, 270, Pattersen, Shanghai Feb. 6, General.

Feb. 9, Pallas, German barque, 462, M. Lüder, Nagasaki Feb. 1, Coal.

Feb. 9, Signal, American barque, 450, Austin Witney, Point Tobe (Peru) Nov. 4, Guano.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Feb. 9, Star, American barque, 450, W. C. Bissell, Amak.

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## HONGKONG CHORAL SOCIETY'S CONCERT.

In spite of the very excellent singing, especially in the solo by three of the lady performers, and the good quality of the instrumental music afforded, the concert of the Choral Society last night seemed to be wanting somewhat in "go." We must confess, however, that we can scarcely point out where the fault lay. Better singing than that furnished last night cannot be expected at any amateur concert; there was a splendid performance on the violin and another on the piano, and the choruses were also rendered in a manner very creditable to the Society; nevertheless, the entertainment seemed to drag a little occasionally. Perhaps this can be said more or less of all entertainments of this nature—concerts are rather "slow." His Excellency the Governor, Miss Kennedy, Sir John and Lady Smale, and most of the leading residents were present; the room was about three-parts filled. The first song, "A life that lives for you," and the trio, "Myneke van Dunck" were both well sung. In the first a little hardness could be noticed in some of the notes, probably through want of practice on the part of the singer. The voices in the trio harmonised very effectively, being well balanced. The first encore was obtained by the song, with violoncello obligato, "Orpheus with his Lute." It was splendidly rendered by the lady who sang for the first time before a Hongkong audience at the last concert of the Society, when she was most enthusiastically received. The obligato was, we understand, written by Mr. Sangster. In response to the encore, she favoured the audience with the fine old song "The last Rose of Summer," and received another enthusiastic burst of applause at its close. The merry strains in the solo and chorus, "With a laugh as we go round," were exceedingly enlivening. In the first part of the solo, the lady seemed somewhat out of voice, and the second part was much better rendered, and obtained for her another round of applause. The next encore was obtained, and deservedly so, in the barcarole, "Dormi pure." The lady who gave the song has a fine contralto voice and is evidently a finished singer. In response to the encore she gave a very pretty song, written we believe, by Mr. Sangster, entitled "Remembrance," with a violin obligato, also written by our popular organist. The violin solo "Oberlander" was rendered with great feeling and taste. The performer is a master, in every sense, of a very fine instrument. The song "My Queen" by another lady produced an encore, and, in our opinion, the second performance was far better than the first. In responding to the encore the lady gave "The Swallow" in a very pleasing and effective manner; in fact the song was in every way better adapted for her than the first. The quartette for piano, violin, viola and violoncello, "Grave and Allegro" was very well played, after the performers had settled to their work, but the violin was a little behind at the start. The last piece in the programme, a glee with solo—"The he be now a grey grey friar"—was a very excellent and pleasing performance. The solos were capitally rendered, and we were glad to notice that in this glee especially the alto exhibited a considerable improvement compared with their performances on other occasions. The National Anthem brought to a close what, so far as the quality of the vocal and instrumental music afforded, is concerned, a very successful concert.

Police Intelligence.  
(Before James Russell, Esq.)  
9th February 1877.

"THE MIRROR OF JUSTICE." Mok A Cheuk, servant to Capt. Gammell, Assistant Commissary, was charged with obtaining money under false pretences. The Complainant Lee A Ng, a hawker, stated that he lived at Canton Bazaar. On the 24th December last he lost a quantity of clothing and some money, his box having been broken open during his absence from home. He offered a reward but could gain no information. On the 26th December, the defendant came to him and said he could find out by magic who stole the things, if the complainant would only give him \$3, and he would get his things back. The complainant believed him and gave him the \$3. The defendant got a basin of water and a looking glass. He put the glass into the water and he burned some paper. He then used some incantations and told complainant that he saw the thief in the glass; he was a man of about 80 or 40 years of age and wore a black coat and a pair of white trousers. The defendant asked the complainant to look into the glass, but he failed to see anything. The defendant burned some paper—presumably some charms—on the top of the water, and the smoke was reflected from the mirror. All the complainant could see was this smoke, but the defendant persisted in saying that he could see a man in the glass. Several tried to look, but could not see anything. The defendant then said that only children could see, and two children, one boy and one girl, both aged about 18 years, were brought to the test, but they could not see also; the girl afterwards, however, said she could see a man with a black coat and a pair of white trousers on. She said this after her eyes had been rubbed with some charmed water. The defendant said if the man would not give back the property in one week, he would return the complainant the \$3. Weeks had elapsed, but the stolen property was not forthcoming, and complainant went frequently to ask the defendant about it, when he put him off from day to day. At last he had to give him into custody—Yung A Lin, a girl 12 years of age, was called, and she said she saw a man who was wearing a black coat and white trousers, in the mirror. He was walking; he had a bundle in his hand, but had no umbrella nor a fan. From subsequent evidence, however, it turned out that this girl was a relation of the defendant. The Magistrate sent him to two months' hard labour, but Capt. Gammell subsequently appeared and gave the defendant a *soft* *go* character. He has been his

servant for four years, and was always found to be strictly honest and regular. The Magistrate took this into consideration and amended his decision, fining the defendant \$25, or in default 2 months' hard labour.

## LARCENY.

Mok A Pui, servant to Mr. Wotton, was again brought up to answer the charge of stealing a gold watch and chain with trinkets from Dr. Ayres on the 6th inst. Mr. Wotton was called to-day, and he said the defendant was his servant from the 6th July last, having been highly recommended. Witness had enquires as to his antecedents and found that he was respectively connected and that he had served, on board the *Princess Charlotte*, leaving only when his master, a doctor, was removed from this station. Witness had great confidence in him, and never took more than ordinary care of his money and jewellery. He frequently gave defendant money to pay small bills and had always found him correct. He paid him \$7 a month and would have given him an increase after the New Year. The witness then gave an account of what took place at the time the robbery was discovered and what occurred afterwards. When he went up to his room after breakfast, he heard the sound of Chinese foot-steps in Dr. Ayres' room. Other evidence was called, amongst which was that given by Dr. Ayres' servant. He said the defendant had lost \$5 the evening before in gambling with himself and the other servants, that they were in the habit of visiting the Yuen Kee Club, of which the witness was a member, and the entrance fee was \$50, each. He joined some months ago and had paid his fifty dollars. He sometimes took the defendant there as a visitor, and a member could take any number of friends to the club. They had domino playing and card-playing there, but no fan-fan.

In the course of the trial, Mr. Wotton observed that owing to the respectability of the boys people, and his former good character, he did not wish to press the prosecution, and should be glad if the Magistrate would deal summarily with the case rather than send it to the Supreme Court.

The Magistrate said that he would consider Mr. Wotton's request when he had heard further evidence, but that in case the prisoner was convicted at the Supreme Court, he was certain to get a much heavier punishment than the Police Court could inflict. In reference to the prosecution, Mr. Russell observed that lest there might be a wrong impression as to Dr. Ayres or Mr. Wotton prosecuting, he thought it right to state that once a case was in the hands of the Police, and evidence of a crime produced, the matter must be investigated and determined. The Crown was the prosecutor, and Dr. Ayres and Mr. Wotton were only witnesses. When it appeared necessary for the ends of justice that a witness should be called, the Magistrate was required to call him, and whether the parties who had suffered personal wrongs chose to appear and prosecute or not, if the administration of public justice required their attendance, why then they must attend and give evidence.

After further evidence, the defendant was sent to six months' hard labour.

## LÉGATION.

An Sang and three others, were again brought up before the Hon. C. May to answer the charge of burglary at Ping Chow, an island just outside the jurisdiction of Hongkong. A Chinese informer gave evidence to the effect that he lived in the same house at Saipingpoon with the prisoners and others. On the 22nd January last, he heard the 4th prisoner say in an undertone to those in the house, asking them to volunteer to go in an attacking expedition. Eleven men were only wanted and he asked those who wished to join to say so. The necessary number having been obtained, he lay before them a plan of attack on a house in Aberdeen, but after they had resolved on the scheme, one man came and accidentally knocked down the oil-lamp, and as this was considered a bad omen, the attack was abandoned. On the 28th January, the 4th prisoner made another proposition. It was to attack a house at Ping Chow. The eleven men went away and returned the next morning, carrying some bundles. The 4th prisoner was heard to say "all clothing and no money," and that if he had known that, he would not have made the attack. Hearing this, the informer left the house and informed the Police, but on their arrival, the house was found empty. Subsequently, through the instrumentality of the informer, the prisoners were arrested, some with property in their possession which had been identified by the owner. The prisoners were committed to gaol pending the orders of the Governor.

## THE HACAO BURGLARY.

Chan Asee was again brought up to answer the charge of having committed a burglary and abduction in the house of one Chum Achung at Macao, the Chinese Mandarins having applied for the prisoner's rendition. This was the same case where the complainant from Macao was afraid to prosecute for fear of the prisoner's comrades. Two witnesses were tendered by the Mandarin in charge of the prisoners' comrades. Two witnesses were tendered by the Mandarin in charge of the case, and they were convicted prisoners at Canton who had confessed to the charge and who were only awaiting their execution. The first one, named Hung A Lin, said that although he had confessed to the charge, he was nevertheless innocent, and he only confessed because he was tortured. The other man named Cheang Asee admitted that he was one of the burglars that attacked the house and that there were over 100 men in Macao engaged in robberies, and all of them were known to him. The prisoner was not one of them, nor was he one of those who committed the burglary. The prisoner was also committed to prison to await the orders of H. E. the Governor.

SUPREME COURT.  
IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.  
(Before His Honour Mr. Justice Browne.)

February 9, 1877.

In the case of Wong Lai v. Wong Lam Kwei, his Lordship delivered the following judgment to-day:—This action is brought to recover as is stated in the summons \$170, the value of a junk and other property, wrongfully detained by the defendants. The plaintiff's story is that being sold by a man named Chong Achung that there was an old junk for sale at Chum Chuen, he went there and saw the junk and agreed with the plaintiff to buy it for \$45, of which he paid \$30 on account, a receipt for which made out in his own name he produces. The defendant was a fellow-citizen and coming from Shatow in Sun On, plaintiff had known him before, and describes him as a coolie and a street robber, and says that he had had his tail cut. This is so far true that about 11 years ago defendant was in gaol for stealing a jacket, and was put into prison, and it seems he was working in a chain-gang and escaped, for which he was again imprisoned and flogged. Since that time he appears to have had an honest life and kept a stone boat. Under these not very favourable antecedents the plaintiff, as he says, employed defendant to act for him in the purchase of this junk, and handed him \$140 to get the junk repaired and properly equipped. This large sum, far beyond what was required for the necessary repairs and for which no receipt was taken, was paid to the defendant in the junk of Wong Achung, plaintiff's witness who also lives at Shatow, and occasionally charts a junk to trade to Chum Chuen and back. This was the only occasion on which the plaintiff had taken a passage in Wong Achung's boat. Plaintiff borrowed the \$140 from Leong Aning at Canton, who is not a witness. Plaintiff went back to his home and was absent from the 24th to 26th October getting this money. On the 26th he went away to his native place to raise more money to get cargo; he arrived on the 28th, stayed there until November 8th, when he returned to Chum Chuen and found the junk and the defendant gone. He has since that time been looking for them, and found them on Jan. 22nd at Hongkong. He demanded the junk of the defendant, who refused to give it up and he got a warrant and seized the junk. Wong Achung confirms him as to his passage to Chum Chuen and aware he witnessed the payment of the \$140 to the defendant. He also swears he saw plaintiff pay the Fung Yung shop for the junk \$30 and identified the receipt. The defendant's story is entirely contradictory. He says he was told of the old junk for sale by the plaintiff, who said the price was \$80. He refused to give so much, and after going to Chum Chuen to see the junk with the plaintiff sent him up to Chum Chuen to buy it for \$45 and handed to him, and took the payment of sending with him a man named Chong-a-Tai. They went up, Chong-a-Tai says, and agreed for the purchase of the junk for \$45 of which he paid \$30 only to the Fung Yung people who gave him the receipt he produces. This was on October 23rd or 24th; defendant had previously on October 11th or 12th been to Chum Yuen to see the junk. On the 24th October he went again, having had a letter from Chong-a-Tai, Chong-a-Tai says the plaintiff had then left, and he never saw him afterwards until January here. The plaintiff swears he never saw Chong-a-Tai before that day, and denies that he ever went up to Canton with him in the *Kiukang*. Chong-a-Tai swears that he saw defendant pay the Fung Yung the \$15 balance. To confirm this two receipts are put in, one given by the Fung Yung shop to the defendant dated 27th October, for the \$15 balance, without which they would not give up the boat, the other December 1st, given by the Wing Kee shop for Tls. 23.6 for repairing this very junk. These accounts completely confirm the statements of the defendant and his witness, but are not inconsistent with the plaintiff's story, because he says he left Chum Chuen October 26th and did not return until November 8th, as well as from natural causes, the ground extending thence to the *Hollywood* Road has become dangerous and insecure. Her Majesty's Government has accordingly determined to resume and take possession of all that piece or parcel of the above-named lot, now unbuilt upon, after three months from present date, comprising an area of 9,200 super. feet or thereabout, for public purposes, unless at an extravagant outlay of money, and further excavations being likely to materially injure the *Hollywood* Road, the compensation I award, by virtue of the clause in your Lease of Exception and Reservation, immediately following the description of the piece or parcel of land, to be sold at the smaller market, instead of sending it for sale to the larger centres of foreign trade at Shanghai and Foochow?" Before this question can be satisfactorily solved, two points must be considered. First—the lower rate of *tekin* duty (about 4 less) charged on tea in the Chehkiang province; and the reduced cost of carriage &c. Secondly—the comparatively low freights at which coasting steamers will doubtless convey tea either north or south, and the greater facilities afforded for effecting a speedy sale and settlement at either of the principal ports above indicated. In view also of the notorious aversion of many foreign firms to increase their establishments, it may be taken as granted that the competition at Wén Chow for new season's tea will not be of that suicidal nature which unfortunately is characteristic of the conduct of operations elsewhere. Therefore, we incline, on the whole, to an opinion that, considered as a tea port, Wén Chow will prove to be of little more importance than Kinkiang—i.e., a kind of feeder to the larger adjacent markets.

I have the honour to be, Sir,  
Your most obedient Servant,  
(Sd.) ST. GEORGE H. E. CLEVERLY,  
Surveyor General.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## LAND OWNING IN HONGKONG IN THE OLDEN TIME.

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

Hongkong, Feb. 9, 1877.

SIR.—I send you a slight contribution to the history of land transactions in this Colony which may interest your readers. But a few days since you announced the sale of certain lots opposite the site of the Man Mo temple at prices aggregating some \$49,500. Would you believe that just over twelve years ago the then owner of three of the five lots in question was compelled to surrender them for a sum of \$29,41, or under \$145, and another piece of land producing an equal amount of rental, on the ground that the site had become "dangerous and insecure," with other reasons set forth in the annexed circular. *Tempora mutantur.*

It is greatly to the credit of the then owner, an enlightened and liberal-minded Chinese gentleman, that on his being informed of the present Government would probably make him some compensation for the enforced loss he has sustained—his exchange pie, bringing him only a few dollars annually—he replied that he was only too glad to hear the lots had realized so much, as it would benefit the Central School funds; and that for his part, even if offered compensation he should hand it over to the School. So generous an appreciation of the benefits conferred on the Colony by Mr. Stewart's department should not pass unrecorded.

I am, &c.,

AN OLD RESIDENT.

The following is the Circular in question:—

No. 23. SURVOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, Victoria, Hongkong, 1st Sept., 1854.

Circular Notice.

To Mr. ... as Agent for Leases of Lot No. ... Take Notice, that in consequence of the various excavations made by you, or others, from time to time, in the rear of your Lot No. ..., as well as from natural causes, the ground extending thence to the *Hollywood* Road has become dangerous and insecure. Her Majesty's Government has accordingly determined to resume and take possession of all that piece or parcel of the above-named lot, now unbuilt upon, after three months from present date, comprising an area of 9,200 super. feet or thereabout, for public purposes, unless at an extravagant outlay of money, and further excavations being likely to materially injure the *Hollywood* Road, the compensation I award, by virtue of the clause in your Lease of Exception and Reservation, immediately following the description of the piece or parcel of land, to be sold at the smaller market, instead of sending it for sale to the larger centres of foreign trade at Shanghai and Foochow?" Before this question can be satisfactorily solved, two points must be considered. First—the lower rate of *tekin* duty (about 4 less) charged on tea in the Chehkiang province; and the reduced cost of carriage &c. Secondly—the comparatively low freights at which coasting steamers will doubtless convey tea either north or south, and the greater facilities afforded for effecting a speedy sale and settlement at either of the principal ports above indicated. In view also of the notorious aversion of many foreign firms to increase their establishments, it may be taken as granted that the competition at Wén Chow for new season's tea will not be of that suicidal nature which unfortunately is characteristic of the conduct of operations elsewhere. Therefore, we incline, on the whole, to an opinion that, considered as a tea port, Wén Chow will prove to be of little more importance than Kinkiang—i.e., a kind of feeder to the larger adjacent markets.

What field then is there at Wén Chow for the present employment of foreign capital and enterprise? Apparently there is but poor encouragement for either. Possibly some new features in its trading prospect may be developed; but so far as the foreign public at present know, it is not likely to rival either of its principal neighbours as a centre of foreign trade.—*Foochow Herald*.

THAT CHINAMAN.

We fairly shook with inward glee, when we perceived our friend Cam Lee; Yes, we were heaped glad to see That Chinaman.

He had a beautiful pigtail; His countenance was fair from pale; He crept along just like a snail, That Chinaman.

His wooden shoes, so small and neat, Just fitted his Celestial feet; He saw us, and he smiled so sweet! That Chinaman.

"Good morning, John," we mildly said, "Can you wash dishes, set the bread, Cook meals and neatly make a bed, Dear Chinaman?"

"Me heapee, goodee cook," said he, "Me makes breads good, you'll see; Three dollars weak do good for me, Me Chinaman."

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the Five Club was held on the 26th ultimo. There was a very small attendance, and business was confined to the passing of accounts for the year. We understand that the interest in this, formerly very popular amusement, is on the wane.

With a view to the better guarding of the Mamo telegraph line, the Chinese Authorities have during the last fortnight constructed a number of watch-towers—about twelve in number. Sentries are, it is understood, to be posted at these places night and day with strict orders to prevent any interference with the line.

We hear that Mr. Lin Chin-yuan, formerly a linguist in the Imperial Maritime Customs at this port, has been appointed Chinese Consul for Cuba. It is to be hoped that the appointment will be the means of checking to some extent the atrocious inhuman conduct of the Spaniards towards the unfortunate Chinese coolies. Our contemporary is, we fear, rather premature. So far as we can learn, Mr. Lin goes with this Mission, but in what capacity, it has not yet been definitely settled. He will be probably appointed one of the Consuls, but in what country, it is as yet difficult to say, and we learn that for Cuba alone, there will be some five Chinese Consuls.—ED. C. M.

The value of the telegraph as a means of detecting crime was fairly demonstrated a few days ago, within the limits of this port. A Chinaman bought from a foreigner about \$3,000 worth of opium, for which he tendered a certain amount of native bank notes, which on presentation for payment were declared to be forgeries. Measures, an order had been issued to deliver the drug at Pagoda Anchorage, and through the would-be purchaser made every effort to obtain it; he was too late,—thanks to the telegraph—by about one minute!

It is stated that the new Chinese Gun-boats *Afia* and *Beld* are shortly to be transferred to Tientsin. At present, they are kept in excellent order at Pagoda Anchorage, by a select native crew—decks washed regularly, brass work cleaned thoroughly, and guns polished until they reflect the light. *Etat* is very roughly hand

ing the 26 ton guns—Never! The Colegials are, it is whispered, afraid of them!

In fact the entire business of supplying the Chinese with ships and weapons is a sham, in which we believe that the poor mandarins are the scapegoats. Children must learn to walk before they can run. Talk about peacefully expelling foreigners!—the latter find it too good a trade, and therefore will not retire so long as China shows herself such an exceptionally good customer.

## THE PORT OF WEN CHOW.

"The opening of Wén Chow to Foreigners is shortly about to take place, and some little curiosity has naturally arisen concerning it.

Geographically, the situation of Wén Chow is said to be excellent, but it remains to be seen whether it will prove an important centre of foreign trade. At present, our information as to its resources and staple products is extremely meagre: but on three points we are assured:—*First*, that the lekuu duties, or "squeezes" we prefer to term them, are much lighter than in this province. *Secondly*, that Wén Chow is the natural outlet of a large tea district, the produce of which has hitherto been brought to this port for sale. *Thirdly*, that as regards foreign imports, opium is the only staple likely to be dealt in to any extent, but whatever its reasons may be, it is certain that the impost in question is comparatively light.—*38 per picoul.*

So far therefore as foreigners are concerned, it seems not unlikely that the principal trade of the port will be in tea. But the question arises,—"Will the Teamen of Wén Chow place themselves at an apparent disadvantage by disposing of their produce at the smaller market, instead of sending it for sale at the larger centres of foreign trade at Shanghai and Foochow?" Before this question can be satisfactorily solved, two points must be considered. *First*,—the lower rate of *tekin* duty (about 4 less) charged on tea in the Chehkiang province; and the reduced cost of carriage &c. *Secondly*,—the comparatively low freights at which coasting steamers will doubtless convey tea either north or south, and the greater facilities afforded for effecting a speedy sale and settlement at either of the principal ports above indicated. In view also of the notorious aversion of many foreign firms to increase their establishments, it may be taken as granted that the competition at Wén Chow for new season's tea will not be of that suicidal nature which unfortunately is characteristic of the conduct of operations elsewhere. Therefore, we incline, on the whole, to an opinion that, considered as a tea port, Wén Chow will prove to be of little more importance than Kinkiang—i.e., a kind of feeder

## Insurances.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.  
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

A. GENOLES at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon and Penang.

Blanks accepted, and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at the above mentioned Ports.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES.  
JAS. B. COUGHLIN,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.  
(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL.—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, or on Coal in Matched, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of proposals or any other information, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.  
Agents Hongkong & Canton.  
Hongkong, January 4, 1871.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELOHERS & CO.,  
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

## NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two-Thirds of the Profits are distributed annually to Contributors, whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the net amount of Premium contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

OLYPHANT & CO.,  
General Agents,  
Hongkong, April 17, 1871.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of £45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premium.

NORTON & CO.,  
Agents,  
Hongkong, January 1, 1871.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £4,000,000.

THE Undersigned Agents at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent.

GILMAN & CO.,  
Agents,  
Hongkong, July 6, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER  
of  
His Majesty King George The Third,  
A. D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either here, in London, or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 on reasonable terms.

HOLIDAY, WISE & CO.,  
Hongkong, July 26, 1871.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned Agents are in receipt of Instructions from the Board of Directors authorizing them to issue Policies to the extent of £10,000 on any one fire and risk, or to the extent of £15,000 on adjoining risks at current rates.

A Discount of 20% allowed.

HOLIDAY, WISE & CO.,  
Hongkong, January 8, 1871.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

HOLIDAY, WISE & CO.,  
Hongkong, October 14, 1869.

## Mails.



ORIENTAL  
SEAM  
NAVIGATION  
COMPANY

STEAM FOR  
Singapore, Penang, Point de Galle,  
Aden, Suez, Malta, Brindisi,  
Ancona, Venice, Medi-  
terranean Ports, Southampton  
and London;  
Also,  
Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and  
Australia.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship LOMBARDY, Captain Hall, will leave this on THURSDAY, the 15th February, at Noon.  
For further Particulars, apply to A. MEYER, Superintendent,  
Hongkong, February 3, 1871.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-  
ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE,  
IN CONNECTION WITH THE  
CENTRAL  
and  
UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING RAILROAD COMPANIES  
AND  
ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. "OCEANIC" will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on THURSDAY, the 1st March, at 3 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan, the United States and Europe.

Connection is made at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai.

Freight will be received on Board until 4 p.m. of 23rd Instant. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Return Passage Tickets available for 6 months are issued at a reduction of 20 per cent on regular rates.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central. G. B. EMORY, Agent.  
Hongkong, February 1, 1871.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES No. 39, Queen's Road; at present in the occupation of the BORNEO COMPANY.

TURNER & CO.  
Hongkong, February 6, 1871.

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 14, Gough Street.  
Apply to J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & CO.  
Hongkong, February 2, 1871.

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 7, Caine Road, lately occupied by Mr PARKER.  
House No. 10, Albany Road, at present occupied by the Rev. R. H. KIDD.

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & CO.  
Hongkong, January 10, 1871.

TO BE LET.

THE Premises at present occupied by the International Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.

For particulars, apply to MEYER & CO.  
Hongkong, December 11, 1871.

TO LET.

THE Upper Portion of Nos. 22 and 24, Queen's Road.  
Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.  
Hongkong, November 17, 1871.

FOR SALE.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'s  
Celebrated  
Brands of WINES and SPIRITS.  
Apply to SIEMSEN & CO.  
Hongkong, June 25, 1871.

HONG LISTS.

CIRCULAR, large sheet,  
THE AMENDED HONG LIST  
in English and Chinese, con-  
taining the Names of all the most  
important Companies, Institutions  
and Mercantile Houses in the  
Colony.

Price, 25 cents each; or \$2.00  
per dozen.

At the "China Mail" Office;

## For Sale.

SAYLE & CO.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

IN Order to make Room for SPRING GOODS.

On and after MONDAY, February 5th, we shall offer the Remainder of Our WINTER STOCK at an immense reduction.

DRESS GOODS at 15 cents per yard.  
DRESS GOODS at 20 cents per yard.  
DRESS GOODS at 25 cents per yard.  
DRESS GOODS at 30 cents per yard.  
DRESS GOODS at 35 cents per yard.

FANCY SILKS! We offer about 5,000 yards at 30 cents per yard, (these are more or less soiled); original price \$1.50 and \$2.00 per yard.

JAPANESE SILKS! Reduced to 40 cents per yard.

WOOL SHAWLS, MANTLES and JACKETS, Marked very Cheap.

LADIES', BOYS' and GIRLS' FELT HATS, at Half Price.

FANCY WOOL GOODS, at less than Half Price.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WOOL and MERINO HOSE, Greatly reduced.

100 dozen CHILDREN'S WOOL and MERINO SOCKS, all Sizes, at less than Half Price.

Several thousand Yards of VARIOUS REMANTS. Comprising: FLANNELS, CALICOS, PRINTS, MUSLINS, STUFF GOODS and Other Useful GOODS, are Marked at Prices, which must effect immediate Sale.

In order to prevent disappointment, We beg to inform Our Customers and the Public that this Extraordinary, and Unprecedented Sale must close on February 24th.

SAYLE & CO.,

VICTORIA EXCHANGE,

Queen's Road & Stanley Street.

## NOW READY.

FEUNG-SHUI; or, THE RUDIMENTS OF NATURAL SCIENCE IN CHINA. By Dr. E. J. EINER. One Volume. 8vo. Price, \$1.50.

BUDDHISM, ITS HISTORY, THEORY AND POPULAR BELIEF, in three Lectures. By Dr. E. J. EINER. Second Edition. One Volume. 8vo. Price, \$1.50.

Orders will be received by Messrs Lane, Crawford & Co.

Hongkong, July 31, 1871.

TUBORG'S FABRIKKER DANISH BEER.

TO BE HAD FROM

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, January 18, 1871.

## Intimations.

AFONG, PHOTOGRAPHER,  
by appointment, to

H. E. SIR ARTHUR KENNEDY,  
GOVERNOR OF HONGKONG;  
and to

H. L. H. THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS  
OF RUSSIA,

Wyndham Street, formerly ATHLETIC CLUB,

HAS on hand, the Largest and Best  
collection of Views of China, Photo-  
graphic Albums, Frames, Cases, &c., of  
assorted sizes. Photographs enlarged from  
C. D. V. size to life size and coloured in  
oil. A new apparatus for Photography has  
been received from England: he is prepared  
to take Photos of Buildings and Interiors  
at the shortest distance.

Hongkong, July 17, 1871.

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE  
DE 1878.

THE CONSUL for FRANCE has the  
honour to inform those Persons who  
wish to take part in the intended Exhibi-  
tion, that they will find at the CONSULATE  
all Information and Particulars they may  
require.

For the Consul.

G. BOULOUZE, Vice-Consul.  
Hongkong, December 18, 1871.

THE CHINESE MAIL

TERMS OF ADVERTISING IN THE  
China Mail

TWO cents a character for the first 100  
characters, and one cent a character  
beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and  
half price for repetitions during the first  
week. Subsequent weeks' insertion will  
be charged only one half the amount of the  
first week's charge. Advertisements for  
half a year and longer will be allowed a  
deduction of 35 per cent on the total amount,  
and contracts for more favourable terms  
can be made.

Efforts have been made to establish  
Agents for circulating the "China Mail" in all  
the ports and in the interior of China, all  
the ports in Japan, in Sajron, Singapore,  
Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the  
Philippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru  
and other places which Chinese frequent.

When the list of Agencies is completed,  
it will be published. Agents have been  
already established in most of the above  
places, and in important ports more than  
one agent has been appointed at each.

CHUN AYIN,  
Manager.

Hongkong, February 20, 1874.

## Intimations.

NOTICE.

ON and after the 15th of January, my  
charge for Brokerage on all SHARES  
will be HALF PER CENT. on the Full  
Amount, to be Paid by the Seller only.

W. M. MORGAN,  
Broker.

Hongkong, January 13, 1877.

## NOTICE.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

FROM and after the Chinese New Year's  
day (February 24, 1877) the "China Mail"  
will be issued DAILY instead of TWICE  
WEEKLY as heretofore. No change, how-  
ever, will be made in the price of subscrip-  
tion, which will remain at \$4 per annum.

The charges for advertisements are now  
assimilated to those of the "China Mail".  
The unusual success which has attended the  
"China Mail" makes it an admirable  
medium for advertisements.

The Conductors guarantee an eventual  
circulation of one thousand copies. It is  
already the most influential native journal  
published, and enjoys considerable prestige  
at the Ports of China and Japan, and at  
Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, San Francisco  
and Australia.

For terms, &c., address

MR CHUN AYIN,  
Manager.

China Mail Office,  
17th February, 1877.

## HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Corrected to Saturday, January 27, 1877.

At 1075 Cash per Dollar